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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
09/885,027	06/21/2001	Mitsutoshi Miyasaka	036654.04	4889
25944	7590 08/20/2002	•		
OLIFF & BI	ERRIDGE, PLC		EXAMI	INER
	IA, VA 22320		JACKSON JR, JEROME	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2815	
			DATE MAIL ED. 09/20/2002	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

·		Application No.	A1:	
			Applicant(s)	-
Offic	Action Summary	09/885,027	MIYASAKA, MITS	UTOSHI
		Examin r	Art Unit	
The MAIL	LING DATE of this communication	Jerome Jackson Jr.	2815	
A SHORTENED THE MAILING D - Extensions of time mafter SIX (6) MONTH - If the period for reply - If NO period for reply - Failure to reply within - Any reply received by earned patent term as Status 1) Responsion 2a) This action 3) Since this closed in a closed in	application is in condition for a accordance with the practice un	REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 ON. FR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a con. The areply within the statutory minimum of the ceriod will apply and will expire SIX (6) MC statute, cause the application to become a mailing date of this communication, even the communication of the commun	MONTH(S) FROM a reply be timely filed airty (30) days will be considered timely. DNTHS from the mailing date of this contable. ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). If timely filed, may reduce any	mmunication.
7) ☐ Claim(s) 8) ☐ Claim(s) Application Papers	and 2 is/are rejected is/are objected to are subject to restriction are			
	ation is objected to by the Exan			
Applicant m	(s) filed on <u>21 June 2001</u> is/are	: a)⊠ accepted or b)∐ objecte	d to by the Examiner.	
11) The propose	nay not request that any objection to a new indication to a new in			
	, corrected drawings are required in	is: a) approved b) d	isapproved by the Examiner.	
	declaration is objected to by the			
Priority under 35 U.S				
	ment is made of a claim for for	eian priority under 35 U.S.C.	\$ 110/a)_/d) or (6	
a)⊠ All b)□	Some * c) ☐ None of:	o promy andor oo o.o.o.	5 1 19(a)-(u) 01 (l).	
	ied copies of the priority docum	ents have been received		
	ied copies of the priority docum		oplication No. 00/022 605	
3.☐ Copie: ap	s of the certified copies of the population from the International	riority documents have been	received in this National Sta	age
" See the attacr	ned detailed Office action for a l	list of the certified copies not i	received.	
14)LJ ACKnowledgm	ent is made of a claim for dome	estic priority under 35 U.S.C.	§ 119(e) (to a provisional ap	plication).
a) ∐ The tran: 15)⊡ Acknowledgm tachment(s)	slation of the foreign language nent is made of a claim for dome	provisional application has be estic priority under 35 U.S.C.	en received. §§ 120 and/or 121.	
Notice of References	Cited (PTO-892)	 🗖		
☐ Notice of Draftsperson	Cited (F10-892) n's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) e Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s	E) Notice of the	ummary (PTO-413) Paper No(s) formal Patent Application (PTO-15	<u> </u>
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The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

Claim 2 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as containing subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention. There is no clear antecedent basis in the specification for claiming three layers of silicon oxide as an underlevel protection structure. Applicant should point out where the support is. As far as can be determined there is only one layer of silicon oxide.

The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

Claim 1 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

In claim 1 there is no antecedent basis for "the implantation dose" and the intended structure is vague and indefinite. Note also that an implantation dose is usually expressed in atoms/cm2. Also in claim 1, there should punctuation in line 3.

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

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(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1 and 2, as best understood, are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as anticipated by or, in the alternative, under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as obvious over Morosawa '306.

Morosawa applies as in the parent application. Morosawa shows a thin film transistor with a dual layer (2,3) underlayer protection film. As stated previously, "about" is broad and the claimed thickness is ordinary in the art. Claim 1 is thus rejected. Claim 2 is rejected because the limitation of three silicon oxide films without the inclusion of any distinguishing features of the three layers does not structurally distinguish over Morosawa. For example, the silicon oxide layer of Morosawa comprises multiple stacked atomic layers of silicon oxide. Clearly, applicant's bare limitation of three layers of silicon oxide do not structurally distinguish over Morosawa.

Claims 1 and 2 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as anticipated by or, in the alternative, under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as obvious over Yamazaki '582.

Yamazaki teaches a thin film transistor with underlayer protection films. Claims 1 and 2 are broad and do not structurally distinguish over '582. As above, recitations of

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"about" and "three silicon oxide layers" do not structurally distinguish over '582 where the device is of similar thickness and comprises multiple atomic layers of silicon oxide.

The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970);and, *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

Claims 1 and 2 rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims 1-12 of U.S. Patent No. 6,335,542. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because they are drawn to an underlevel protection layer comprising multiple layers.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Jerome Jackson Jr. whose telephone number is 703 308 4937. The examiner can normally be reached on t-th 9-5.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Edward Lee can be reached on 703 308 4915. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are 703 308 7722 for regular communications and 703 308-7722 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703 308 0956.

jj August 14, 2002

> JEROME JACKSON PAIMARY EXAMINER